

ELD 4B

December 1st

Recognizing Acts of Heroism

- I can closely read an article to comprehend and analyze a text.

Table of Contents (T.O.C.)

In your T.O.C.,

- Write in today's date: **Dec. 1, 2014 (12/1/14)**
- Write in today's topic:
Say, Mean, Matter
- Page #: **make your T.O.C. and notebook match**

Review

Warm-up: Sentences

Dependent Clause:

A dependent clause has a subject and a verb. However, it has NO complete thought. It needs an independent clause. Therefore, it is dependent on the independent clause.

Example: After Tyler called his friend...
Subject=Tyler Verb=Called

Independent Clause:

An independent clause has a subject, verb, and a complete thought. It is a sentence.

Example: He met him at the park.

Review

Warm-up: Sentences

Complex Sentence:

A dependent clause needs an independent clause. When you put the two together, you have a complex sentence.

Examples: When the mailman arrived, the dog barked.
Dependent clause Independent clause

Subordinate Conjunctions:

Subordinate conjunctions connect a dependent clause with an independent clause.

Examples: after, although, because, before, if, once, unless, until, whenever, while

Warm-up: Sentences

Use a subordinate conjunction to combine the following pairs of simple sentences into TWO complex sentences and circle the conjunction.

Example

- I obtained a credit card.
- I began spending money recklessly.

1. When I obtained a credit card, I began spending money recklessly.
2. I began spending money recklessly after I obtained a credit card.

Subordinate Conjunctions:

After, As, Because, Before, If, Once, Since, So, Unless, When, Whenever, Wherever, Whether, While

Warm-up: Sentences

Use a subordinate conjunction to combine the following pairs of simple sentences into TWO complex sentences and circle the conjunction.

1. - The instructor announced the quiz.

- The class groaned.

a) _____

b) _____

2. - Jim could not fit any more groceries into his cart.

- He decided to go to the checkout counter.

a) _____

b) _____

Subordinate Conjunctions:

After, As, Because, Before, If, Once, Since, So, Unless, When, Whenever, Wherever, Whether, While

Say Mean Matter

For this third article, we will be using a different chart to analyze the text.

Say

This is a summary of what the text says.

Mean

This is about interpretation

Describe what the text means.

Think about what makes you think that?

How do you know that?

Matter

What are the implications? (results or possible outcomes?)

Why does it matter to me or others?

Why is it important?

A Tragic Hero for Our Times

Say

Paragraph 1	According to Aristotle, a classic tragic hero is a character worthy of people's attention, who has done great things but makes an error in judgment. This tragic flaw brings the downfall or death of the tragic hero.
Paragraph 2	Tragic heroes have been in books and movies for 100s of years. Examples: Shakespeare's Hamlet, The Great Gatsby, Tony Montana in Scarface and Anakin Skywalker in Star Wars.
Paragraph 3	Anakin Skywalker was to be the person to save the galaxy but his tragic downfall occurred because he was afraid of his wife dying during childbirth. Because of his fear, he wanted power and control and went to the dark side.

Say Mean Matter

Let's continue with our Say, Mean, Matter Chart

<u>4</u>	<u>Say</u>	<u>Mean</u>	<u>Matter</u>